# Introducing AZELLA Stage III-V Sample Tests

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OELAS Conference December 10, 2014



# Today's Agenda



- Overview of Sample Test Documents
- Stage III Sample Test
- Stage IV Sample Test
- Stage V Sample Test
- Scoring Summary, Reassessment Blueprint, Lexiles, Item Type Templates, Next Steps

# Purpose of AZELLA Sample Tests

#### What they do:

- Prepare students to engage with the test items.
- Enable students to feel more comfortable when taking the test.
- Obtain a more accurate reflection of the student's English language proficiency not test-taking skills.

#### What they don't do:

- Sample items are not representative of the scope of the test or the performance indicators that will be tested.
- The test is not predictive of scoring on the AZELLA.

Finding the Sample Tests on the AZELLA Homepage





http://www.azed.gov/standards-development-assessment/arizona-english-language-learner-assessment-azella/

## Sample Test Documents Are Posted on the AZELLA Website

- 1. Sample Test Books
- **2.** Answer Document (*Stages III-V only*)
  - Scoring Sheet
- 3. Sample Test Book Teacher Editions
  - Directions
  - Scripts
  - Rubrics and Scoring Information



# Stage III Sample Test

### Grades 3-5

Many of the item types from Stage III are also included in Stages IV and V. They will not be repeated in this presentation.

# Stage III Sample Test Set



# **Stage III Sample Test Sessions** Listening, Reading, Writing, Speaking



# Stage III Sample Test Structure

- Listening 6 Multiple Choice Items
- Reading 6 Stand-alone Items
  - 11 Passage-based Items
- Writing 13 Multiple Choice
  - 2 Extended Response Items
- Speaking 3 Unscored Practice Items 9 Extended Response Items 10 Repeat Items

## Stage III Sample Test Teacher's Edition



#### Table of Contents

Purpose and Use of the AZELLA Stage III Sample Test	3
Listening	10
Reading	17
Writing	28
Speaking	38
Writing Rubric	47
Oral Reading Rubrics	49
Speaking Rubrics	51
Scoring Repeat Items	52

Stage III Sample Test Teacher's Edition

# **Teacher's Edition**



# **Listening Sample Page**



# Session 1

## Listening



# Listening

- Only a few items are provided on the sample test. Item types are consistent.
- Doesn't minimize the need to work on Listening skills based on ELPS and Language strand.



# Stage III Listening Script

Look at number 5. Listen to the passage.

"Both sea turtles and tortoises are reptiles and lay eggs on land. Sea turtles have webbed feet for swimming. Tortoises have round feet for digging. Tortoises live on hot and dry land. Sea turtles spend most of the time in water."

Now listen to the passage again to answer the question. How are sea turtles and tortoises alike?

"Both sea turtles and tortoises are reptiles and lay eggs on land. Sea turtles have webbed feet for swimming. Tortoises have round feet for digging. Tortoises live on hot and dry land. Sea turtles spend most of the time in water." How are sea turtles and tortoises alike?

Listen to the answer choices. The answer choices are (A) They both swim. (B) They both lay eggs. (C) They both live on land. (D) They both have round feet.

Mark your answer.

## Students Record Responses on Answer Document





## Session 2

## Reading



# Reading "Stand-alone" items

Cortez Columbus Cabot Clark Cousteau Cook A. Cortez, Cousteau B. Cabot, Cook C. Clark, Cousteau D. Columbus, Cook <b>6</b> Which word belongs in the blank? Juan to his sister. A. family B. hungry C. meets D. talks	4	If this list was in alphabetical order, which words would be last?	5	Look at the dictionary entry for the word <u>capacity</u> .
Columbus Cabot Clark Cousteau Cook A. Cortez, Cousteau B. Cabot, Cook C. Clark, Cousteau D. Columbus, Cook G Which word belongs in the blank? Juan to his sister. A. family B. hungry C. meets		Cortez		plties 1. The ability to
Cabot Clark Cousteau Cook A. Cortez, Cousteau B. Cabot, Cook C. Clark, Cousteau D. Columbus, Cook C. Clark, Cousteau D. Columbus, Cook C. Mich word belongs in the blank? Juan to his sister. A. family B. hungry C. meets		Columbus		
Cousteau Cook A. Cortez, Cousteau B. Cabot, Cook C. Clark, Cousteau D. Columbus, Cook G Which word belongs in the blank? Juan to his sister. A. adjective B. adverb C. noun D. verb G Which word belongs in the blank? Juan to his sister. A. family B. hungry C. meets		Cabot		
Coosteau Coosteau Cook A. Cortez, Cousteau B. Cabot, Cook C. Clark, Cousteau D. Columbus, Cook <b>6</b> Which word belongs in the blank? Juan to his sister. A. adjective B. adverb C. noun <b>5</b> Which word belongs in the blank? Juan to his sister. A. family B. hungry C. meets		Clark	'	
Cook A. adjective B. adverb C. noun B. Cabot, Cook C. Clark, Cousteau D. Columbus, Cook 6 Which word belongs in the blank? Juan to his sister. A. family B. hungry C. meets		Cousteau		
A. Cortez, Cousteau B. Cabot, Cook C. Clark, Cousteau D. Columbus, Cook 6 Which word belongs in the blank? Juan to his sister. A. family B. hungry C. meets		Cook		A. adjective
B. Cabot, Cook C. Clark, Cousteau D. Columbus, Cook 6 Which word belongs in the blank? Juan to his sister. A. family B. hungry C. meets		A Cortez Coustegu		
C. Clark, Cousteau D. Columbus, Cook 6 Which word belongs in the blank? Juan to his sister. A. family B. hungry C. meets				
6 Which word belongs in the blank? Juanto his sister. A. family B. hungry C. meets				D. Verb
blank? Juan to his sister. A. family B. hungry C. meets		D. Columbus, Cook		
his sister. A. family B. hungry C. meets			6	
A. family B. hungry C. meets				Juan to
B. hungry C. meets				his sister.
C. meets				A. family
				B. hungry
D. talks				
				D. talks

Stand-alone items are not associated with a reading passage.

## Reading "Stand-alone" Example Dictionary Entry

5 Look at the dictionary entry for the word <u>capacity</u>.

ca-pac'-i-ty (ke pase te) n., pl. –ties 1. The ability to contain, absorb, or receive
2. all that can be contained; volume

Which part of speech is capacity?

A. adjective

B. adverb

C. noun

D. verb

# Reading "Passage-based" Items

Stage III Reading Sample Test

passage?

zoo

the zoo

at the zoo

12 Which word from the

A. This B. There

C. instead D. after

passage signals when something will happen?

Page 13

11 Why did the author write the

A. to inform the reader about an event at the

B. to describe to the reader

C. to persuade the reader

D. to entertain the reader

with a story about a

the monkey's habitat at

to have birthday parties

spider monkey at the zoo

13 What does the word

A. animal

B. event

C. home

D. party

habitat mean as it is used in the passage?

#### Zoo Party at Sun Valley Zoo

On Saturday, September 7, the Sun Valley Zoo will have a special celebration. Our new spider monkey habitat will be one year old and we want everyone to join the party. If you have not yet seen where our spider monkeys live and play, you will love their new, and more natural, setting. This is a great time for you to meet all of our spider monkey family.

There will be special activities including art projects, storytelling, singalongs, and lots of other fun monkey business. If you visit our information booth during your visit, you will receive a special birthday gift.

We will have refreshments that can be enjoyed by humans and monkeys, too. We will have fresh fruit including bananas and apples instead of birthday cake. The celebration will end after the singing of "Happy Birthday."

Ask for a map upon entering the park for the location of the Spider Monkey habitat.

The special celebration will be from 10:00 a.m. to 1:00 p.m.

The zoo opens at 9:00 a.m. and closes at 6:00 p.m.

- Tickets prices:
- Adults: \$15
- Students: \$8
- Children under 5: Free

# Teacher's Edition Includes Passage Information

"Zoo Party at Sun Valley Zoo" – Passage for items #11 – 13.

- Lexile Measure: 890L
- Mean Sentence Length: 12.60
- Word Count: 189

DIRECTIONS

Read the passage and answer questions 11 through 13. Fill in the correct circle on your answer document for each question.

- Passage title
- Items associated with the passage
- Lexile
- Mean sentence length
- Word count
- Directions

#### Zoo Party at Sun Valley Zoo

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Tickets prices: Adults: \$15 Students: \$8 Children under 5: Free

# **Signal Words** Chronological Order

Student's struggle with signal-word items. Stages III, IV, and V may include signal words for chronological order, cause and effect, or compare and contrast.



For Stage III, refer to ELP Standard 4; P.I.s 8, 9, and 10. For Stages IV and V refer to ELP Standard 4; P.I.s 9,10, and 11.

# Reading Example Choose the "Best" or "Most" Emphasized by Boldface Type

- 14 Which word **best** describes Eric at the beginning of the passage?
  - A. excited
  - B. intelligent
  - **C**. sad
  - D. scared





### Session 3

## Writing

## Writing Conventions Two Common Item Types

9	Which words belong in the blank?	11	Which sentence is correct?
	They animal habitats on this website.		<ul> <li>A. Rose organize her desk yesterday.</li> <li>B. Rose organizes her</li> </ul>
	A. are explore		desk yesterday.
	<ul> <li>B. is exploring</li> <li>C. was exploring</li> </ul>		C. Rose organized her desk yesterday.
	D. were exploring		D. Rose organizing her desk yesterday.
	<ul> <li>teams on the project?</li> <li>B. Was the students working in teams on the project?</li> <li>C. Are the students been working in teams on the project?</li> <li>D. Is the students</li> </ul>		

### "Which word(s) belong in the blank?"

"Which sentence is correct?"

# Writing Items Use Both the Writing ELPS and the Language Strand

Although there is a limited number of "common" item types, many multiples of items can be created in conjunction with the Writing and Language Strand Performance Indicators. For example, "<u>Which</u> <u>sentence is correct?</u>" can be used to test any of the parts of speech, phrase and sentence construction, subject-verb agreement, verb tenses, etc.

The verb tenses specified in **Stage III** of the Writing domain of the ELPS (Standard 2; P.I. 7) include: **simple present, past, and future; present and past progressive.** 

# Writing Conventions

- 2 Which sentence uses punctuation correctly?
  - The children's coats are hanging in the closet.
  - B. The childrens coats are hanging in the closet.
  - C. The childrens' coats are hanging in the closet.
  - D. The childrens coat's are hanging in the closet.

- Punctuation
- Spelling
- Capitalization



# Extended Response Writing

#### Check Your Writing: Expository Writing

- Explain what is happening in the picture.
- Use a variety of complete sentences.
- Use correct capitalization, punctuation, and grammar.

# Students Write Their Final (Paragraph) Responses on the Correct Page of the Answer Document



# Extended Response Writing

Both teachers and students can benefit from scoring practice using the Writing rubric

Found in the Teacher's Edition

Stage III Sample Test Teacher's Edition

#### Writing Rubric

Rubric ID: III-V.W.5 Stages III-V 0-5 points Use for items #14 &15

Score 5: Ideas are expressed and developed clearly; conventions of standard. English are successfully incorporated; sentences are varied with both simple and complex structures; writing is organized and clearly moves from one sentence to the next; writing is focused and descriptive. A score point 5 will include:

- An idea supported with relevant reasons, examples, and/or details; characters and setting as appropriate.
- · Command of grammar (including syntax) and usage with few or no errors.
- Correct capitalization and end punctuation; infrequent errors in internal punctuation.
- Infrequent and/or minor spelling errors that do not impede the reader's comprehension.
- Recognizable organization that allows the reader to follow the text from beginning to end.
- Consistent use of descriptive words and phrases that address the purpose, topic, and audience
  using academic language as appropriate.
- Prompt/question addressed either in a statement or with clear implication.

Score 4: Main idea is evident and development is present. Writing includes minimal errors in standard, English conventions that do not impede communication of the text. There is variation of sentence structures; simple sentences prevail. Vocabulary is appropriate. Student uses transitions although they are repetitive or missing at times. A score point 4 will include:

- · An idea and details or characters and setting as appropriate.
- · Minimal errors in grammar (including syntax) and usage that do not impede communication.
- Infrequent errors in capitalization and punctuation do not impede communication.
- Infrequent and/or minor spelling errors that do not impede the reader's comprehension.
- An organization that incorporates transitional words to guide the reader through the text, from beginning to end.
- Words and phrases that address the topic and audience using academic language although inconsistencies are noted.
- · Evidence of connection to the prompt/question, stated or implied.

Score 3: Main idea is present; few details are evident although some are general. Writing includes errors in standard, English conventions which impede communication. There is a hint of sentence variation, but attempts are often unsuccessful. Vocabulary is limited. A score point 3 will include:

- Main idea present; details randomly placed; simplistically stated character(s) and/or setting as appropriate.
- · Errors in grammar (including syntax) and usage that begin to confuse the reader.
- Frequent errors in capitalization and punctuation that begin to impede communication.
- · Frequent spelling errors that begin to impede reader's comprehension.





### Session 4

### Speaking

# Speaking



- Unscored Practice items are included at beginning of the Sample Test.
- Successful responses initiate the scored telephone Speaking test component of the Reassessment.
- The Speaking Sample Test is delivered by the Test Administrator, not on the telephone.

"What is your first and last name?" "What is your teacher's name?" "How old are you?"

# Speaking Example



"Look at the list of words. Read each word to me."

Pause for student response.



# Speaking

"What is happening in the picture?"

Pause for student response.

"What is another thing you can tell me about the picture?"



# Speaking

Students struggle when asked to

# "ASK ME A QUESTION....."

Give students practice asking questions.

## Speaking Item "Ask a question."



• Ask a question about the picture.

Pause for student response.

 Ask another question about the picture.

# Speaking Item – Verbal only

You can now close your book. The Speaking test will continue for questions 11 through 20.

**SAY** Next, please answer in two or more complete sentences.

Think about a time when it rained.

Tell about something that happened while it was raining and how it made you feel.

Pause for student response.
#### Speaking Repeat Item Examples

- "Summarize the plot of this folktale."
- "The earth's center is called the core."
- "If no one volunteers, I will have to choose someone."
- "How do you show respect for your teacher"
- "Our teacher said," 'Whenever the bell rings, you may get your belongings and line up for the bus.'"

#### Oral Reading & Speaking Rubrics

#### **Oral Reading Rubric**

Rubric ID: III-IV.OR.1 (Decoding) Stages III-IV 0-1 point Use for item #6

#### **Oral Reading Rubric**

Rubric ID: II-III.OR.1 (Segmenting Syllables) Stages II & III 0-1 point Use for items #4 & 5

#### **Speaking Rubric**

Rubric ID: II-V.S.4 (Extended Response) Stages II-V 0-4 points Use for items number: #7 through 12

#### Scoring Repeat Items

Use for items # 13 through 22

#### Speaking Scoring Summary





# **Stage IV**<br/>**Sample Test**

#### Grades 6-8

Many of the item types from Stage III are also included in Stages IV and V. They will not be repeated in this presentation.

#### Stage IV Sample Test



#### Stage IV Sample Test Structure

- Listening 7 Multiple Choice Items
- Reading 5 Stand-alone Items
  - 13 Passage-based Items
- Writing 12 Multiple Choice
  - 2 Extended Response Items
- Speaking 2 Unscored Practice Items 9 Extended Response Items 10 Repeat Items



#### **Session 1**

#### Listening



#### Listening Example



This item type is about following directions using academic vocabulary.

#### SAY

"You will be creating a bar graph of your classmates' favorite subjects. The first step for creating your bar graph is to write the title, 'Favorite Subjects,' at the top of the page.

Second, label the axis that runs left to right as 'Subjects.' Above the label, list the following categories: 'Science,' 'Math,' 'Writing,' and 'Reading.'

Now, label the axis that runs up and down as 'Number of Students.' Number the scale from 1 to 20 counting by 2s. The last step is to enter your data."

Which picture shows the correct format?







#### Session 2

#### Reading

## **Reading** Signal Words



## Reading Example Choose the "Best" or "Most" Emphasized by Boldface Type

- **17** What is the **most** likely reason customers order from Hansen Housewares?
  - A. Lowest prices
  - B. Mail order option
  - C. High quality items
  - D. User-friendly website

#### **Reading Example**

#### Dictionary Entry

#### 12 Read the sentence.

Howard bought a car that was <u>light</u> in color because he thought it would stay cooler in the summersun.

Look at the dictionary entry for light.

**light** (lit) *n*. **1** the natural agent that stimulates sight and makes things visible. **2** understanding of a problem. *v*. **1** provide with lighting; illuminate. **2** start something burning; ignite. **3** public knowledge. *adj.* **1** having a considerable amount of natural light; not dark. **2** a pale color. **3** of little weight. **4** not too sweet. **5** carefree. ANT – dark, ignorance, heavy.

Which definition **best** matches the word <u>light</u> as it is used in the sentence?

- A. n. 1
- B. v. 2
- C. adj. 2
- D. adj. 3



## Writing Items Use Both the Writing ELPS and the Language Strand

The verb tenses specified in **Stage IV** of the Writing domain of the ELPS (Standard 2; P.I. 6) include: **simple, progressive, and perfect forms of present, past, and future tenses.** 

#### Writing Example

#### **Topic Sentence**

5 Read the paragraph from a student essay.

During the month of March, students turn in used books from home that their families no longer want. Students receive one ticket for each book they turn in. On the last day of school, students exchange each ticket they have for one of the collected books.

Which sentence belongs in the blank space?

- A. My school has a book exchange for students at the end of every school year.
- B. Students at myschool like to exchange their tickets for used books.
- C. Students at myschool read more books during the spring.
- D. My school encourages students to read library books.

## Writing Prompts Sample Test Includes A Persuasive Paragraph and a Formal Letter

On page 3 of your answer document, write a persuasive paragraph stating your opinion about the importance of starting a recycling program at your school.

Be sure to include:

- Your position
- Evidence to support your position.

Think about raising money by hosting a car wash. On page 4 of your answer document, write a formal letter to the principal about holding a car wash to raise funds for a school dance. The funds will pay for the music, food, and decorations.

Be sure to include:

- Today's date.
- The address as Dr. Oliver
- William Tell High School
- 1500 Jefferson, Peoria, Arizona, 85000





#### Session 4

#### Speaking

#### **Speaking** Responding to Charts, Graphs, Illustrations



		Class S	chedule			
Week 1						
	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	
7:30 am	Reading	Reading	Reading	Reading	Reading	
8:30	Writing	Writing	Writing	Writing	Writing	
9:30	Math	Math	Math	Math	Math	
10:30	Social Studies					
11:30	lunch	lunch	lunch	lunch	lunch	
12:30 pm	PE	Art	PE	Music	Library	
1:30	Science	Science	Science	dismiss	Science	
2:30	Homeroom	Homeroom	Homeroom		Science lab	
3:30	dismiss	dismiss	dismiss		dismiss	

Look at the circle graph. Please answer in complete sentences. Which sport is the favorite in Mrs. Clark's class?

Pause for student response.

How many students in Mrs. Clark's class like baseball best?

Look at the Class Schedule. Please answer in complete sentences. Based on the Class Schedule, predict one thing about the schedule for week 2.

Pause for student response.

Predict one more thing about the Class Schedule for week 2.

#### Speaking

#### Giving Directions Based on a Map





SAY Next, please answer in two or more complete sentences. How do you check out a book at the library? Include at least four steps.

Pause for student response.

SAY Next, please answer in two or more complete sentences. If you could go any place in the world, where would you go and why?

Pause for student response.

## Stage V Sample Test

#### Grades 9-12

Many of the item types from Stages III and IV are also included in Stage V. They will not be repeated in this presentation.

#### Stage V Sample Test Structure

- **Listening** 7 Multiple Choice Items
- Reading 7 Stand-alone Items
  - 13 Passage-based Items
- Writing 19 Multiple Choice
  - 2 Extended Response Items
- Speaking –2 Unscored Practice Items9 Extended Response Items10 Repeat Items

#### Stage V Sample Test Set





### Session 1 Listening



Listen to the following conversation between a school counselor and a freshman student to answer the questions.

#### Speaker 1 (counselor)

Good morning. I am the freshman guidance counselor who will be working with you this year. During your freshman year, you will be allowed to take elective classes. Our school offers electives in the following departments: music, art, athletics, technology, and theatre. Do you have any questions regarding electives?

#### Speaker 2 (student)

Can I take two electives? And, can the classes be from the same department? For example, I would like to take two athletic classes.

#### Speaker 1 (counselor)

If you attended summer school or took an online class, you may take two electives. And yes, there are many students who will take two classes from the same department such as a dance class and a tennis class, or perhaps band and choir.

#### Speaker 2 (student)

When do elective classes meet? Do classes last a semester or all year long?

#### Speaker 1 (counselor)

Regardless of the time of year, elective classes are held at the beginning of the day and at the end of the day.

Speaker 2 (student) Great, I'm signing up for swimming and soccer!

Which of the student's questions was not answered?

- 5 A. Can I take two electives?
  - B. When do elective classes meet?
  - C. Do classes last a semester or all year long?
  - D. Can the classes be from the same department?

## Listening

#### 5 A. Can I take two electives?

- B. When do elective classes meet?
- C. Do classes last a semester or all year long?
- D. Can the classes be from the same department?



#### Session 2

#### Reading



### **Reading Example**

Which section of this webpage would help you develop a flood plan?

3 Which section of this webpage would help you develop a flood plan?						
SpecialEdition DES Business Education Editorials	ERT NEWS Recreation Photo Gallery Blogs					
Featured Articles Park Crisis: Football fields flood during reins Volunteers needed before Friday's game. Weather Ties Up Traffic During Rush Hour Motorists stranded during heavy rainstorm. Quick Response Thanks to City Flood Plan Trucks clear trees and debris quickly.	Subscribe Today Search   Weather 10 Day Forecast   Useful Links .   • Tips for driving in the rain .   • How to prepare for flooding .   • Have a family plan					
<ul><li>A. Weather</li><li>B. Editorials</li><li>C. Useful Links</li><li>D. Featured Articles</li></ul>						

- A. Weather
- B. Editorials
- C. Useful Links
- D. Featured Articles

#### **Reading Example** Signal Words — Chronological Order

12 Which word in the passage indicates chronological order?

- A. Carefully
- B. Place
- C. Now

D. Gently

#### Reading Example Choose the "Best"

- **19** Which sentence **best** describes the main conflict in the passage?
  - A. Ahmose and his uncle needed to find their tent.
  - **B.** Ahmose is excited to be so close to the pyramid.
  - C. Ahmose realizes he will not be working on the pyramid.
  - D. Ahmose handed out one loaf of bread and more workers would appear.





#### **Session 3**

#### Writing

## Writing Example

#### Which words belong in the underlined part of the sentence?

9	Read the sentence.			
	When the phone rang, I realized I had slept too long.			
	Which words belong in the underlined part of the sentence?			
	A. has slept			
	B. had sleeped			
	C. have sleeping			
	D. correct as is			

## Writing

#### Last sentence.... concluding statement.

**14** Read the paragraph from a student essay.

Jessica reviewed her list before leaving home and planned her route. She would begin with the post office, then travel to the bank. Jessica would meet her friend Ann near the bank for lunch. Following lunch, Jessica would stop for groceries and pick up her dog at the veterinarian.

Which sentence belongs in the blank space?

- A. Her dog, Spotty, seemed to be very tired lately.
- B. Heading home, she might think about an afternoon nap.
- C. Jessica was happy that Ann was her best friend in high school.
- D. She would buy all the ingredients for her favorite recipe at the grocery store.

## Writing Example Choose the "Best"



#### Writing Items Use Both the Writing ELPS and the Language Strand

The verb tenses specified in **Stage V** of the Writing domain of the ELPS (Standard 2; P.I. 6) include: **simple, progressive, and perfect forms of present, past, and future tenses.**
### **Writing** Expository Writing

On page 3 of your answer document, write an expository paragraph that explains what it is like to live in Arizona.

Be sure to include:

- A topic sentence.
- Supporting details.
- A conclusion.

#### **Check Your Writing: Expository Writing**

- Present information about the topic.
- □ Use a topic sentence, supporting details, and a conclusion.
- $\Box$  Use words that explain the topic.
- □ Use a variety of complete sentences.
- □ Use correct capitalization, punctuation, and grammar.



### Session 4

### Speaking



### Speaking Example

Look at the chart. Please answer in complete sentences. Based on the chart for "Prom Attendance" predict one thing about next year's prom attendance.

Pause for student response.

Predict one more thing about next year's prom attendance.

### Pause for student response.



# Additional Resources

### **AZELLA Reassessment Blueprint**

Domain/Standard	Stage I	Stage II	Stage III	Stage IV	Stage V
Reading	28%	26%	32%	33%	33%
Print Concepts/Phonemic Awareness/Decoding	50%	44%	35%	25%	21%
Comprehension	50%	56%	65%	75%	79%
Writing	28%	26%	32%	33%	33%
Applications	33%	32%	39%	36%	36%
Conventions	67%	68%	62%	50%	39%
Process/Elements/Research	0%	0%	0%	14%	26%
Listening	22%	19%	17%	16%	16%
Comprehension	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
Speaking	22%	22%	20%	19%	19%
Delivery	71%	88%	88%	88%	88%
Repeats	29%	13%	13%	13%	13%

# Approximate Lexile Summary for Reassessment and Sample Test

Stage III: 300 to 900 – Sample Test: 650 to 900 Stage IV: 450 to 1050 – Sample Test: 800 to 1150 Stage V: 550 to 1150 – Sample Test: 930 to 1150 Just an introduction.....

# Item Type Templates to Build Your Own Items

### Writing Item Template

2.7 (HI) *HI-7: using verb tenses (simple and progressive) in a variety of writing applications.* 

4 options – different versions of the same sentence. 3 with incorrect verb tense.

#### Which sentence is correct?

1	 	 	 
2	 	 	
3			
4.			
KEY_			

### Listening Item Template

1.6 LI-6: following multi-step instructions/ directions, procedures and processes which contain specific academic content vocabulary.

Speaker 1: Look at number XX. Listen to the [passage/instructions/announcement]. Speaker 2: 50-70 word fiction/nonfiction multi-step passage/ instructions/announcement

Speaker 1: Now listen to the [passage/instructions/announcement] again to answer the question.

#### Question about multiple step directions/instructions/procedures (read to students)

Speaker 2: Repeat [50-70 word non-fiction passage] Speaker 1: Repeat **question about multiple step directions/instructions/procedures** Listen to the answer choices.

Α.	
В.	
С.	
D.	

Mark your answer.

### **Reading Item Template**

2.13 applying knowledge of word order (i.e., syntax) to confirm decoding of text

Read the sentence. [provide sentence with a blank]

Which word belongs in the blank space?

Word that fits context and order	
Word that fits context, but not order	
Word that fits order, but not context	
Word that does not fit order or context	

Correct response \_\_\_\_\_

### Next Steps Under Consideration

- Create scored anchor papers and training sets for the Sample Test Extended Writing Prompts. These would be similar to the training materials for Placement Test Writing Scoring. We would need to collect student writing samples to accomplish this.
- Create recordings for the Listening and Speaking Sample Test items.



## Teach the English Language Proficiency Standards

... and students will do well on the AZELLA



# Thank you!

- Sample Test Item Writers
- Frank Brashear